

**Mechanical Engineering**  
**M. Tech. (Thermal Engineering)]**  
**Curriculum Structure**

**w.e.f AY 2019-20 and Applicable for batches admitted from AY 2019-20 to 2022-23**

**List of Abbreviations**

Abbreviation	Title	No of courses	Credits	% of Credits
PSMC	Program Specific Mathematics Course	1	4	5.9%
PSBC	Program Specific Bridge Course	1	3	4.4%
DE	Department Elective Course	3	9	13.2%
MLC	Mandatory Learning Course	2	0	0%
PCC	Program Core Course	6	22	32.4%
LC	Laboratory Course	2	2	2.9%
IOC	Interdisciplinary Open Course	1	3	4.4%
LLC	Liberal Learning Course	1	1	1.5%
SLC	Self Learning Course	2	6	8.8%
SBC	Skill Based Course	2	18	26.5%

### Semester I

Sr. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits
				L	T	P	
1.	PSMC	MHP-19001	Mathematical Methods in Engineering	3	1	--	4
2.	PSBC	MHP-19002	Advanced Thermodynamics	3	0	--	3
3.	DE	MHP(DE)-19001 MHP(DE)-19005	Department Elective –I 1. Energy Conservation and Management 2. Nuclear Engineering	3	--	--	3
4.	PCC	MHP-19003	Fluid Dynamics	3	--	--	3
5.	PCC	MHP-19004	Advanced Heat Transfer	3	--	--	3
6.	PCC	MHP-19005	Refrigeration and Cryogenics	3	--	--	3
7.	LC	MHP-19006	Thermal Engineering Lab Practice	--	--	6	3
<b>Total</b>				<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>

Interdisciplinary Open Course (IOC): Every department shall offer one IOC course (in Engineering/Science/Technology). A student can opt for an IOC course offered by a department except the one offered by his /her department.

### Semester II

Sr. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits
				L	T	P	
1.	IOC	MHP-19007	Interdisciplinary Open Course	3	--	--	3
2.	DE	MHP(DE)-19002 MHP(DE)-19003	Department Elective –II 1. Solar and Wind System Design 2. Design of Thermal System	3	--	--	3
3.	DE	MHP(DE)-19004 MHP(DE)-19006	Department Elective –III 1. Micro-fluidics 2. Air Conditioning System Design	3	--	--	3
4.	MLC	ML-19013	Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Rights	2	--	--	--
5.	MLC	ML-19014	Effective Technical Communication	1	--	--	--
6.	LLC	LL-19001	Liberal Learning Course	1	--	--	1
7.	PCC	MHP-19008	Computational Fluid Dynamics	3	--	--	3
8.	PCC	MHP-19009	Heat Exchanger Design	3	--	--	3
9.	PCC	MHP-19010	Modeling of IC Engines	3	--	--	3
10.	LC	MHP-19011	Thermal Engineering Lab-II	--	--	6	3
<b>Total</b>				<b>22</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>

**Following IOC courses are offered to other programmes:**

1. Mechanics of Composite Materials
2. Finite Element Method

### Semester-III

Sr. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits
				L	T	P	
1.	SBC	MHP-19012	Dissertation Phase – I	--	--	18	9
2.	SLC	MHP-19013	Massive Open Online Course -I	3	--	--	3
<b>Total</b>				<b>3</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>12</b>

### Semester-IV

Sr. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits
				L	T	P	
1.	SBC	MHP-19014	Dissertation Phase – II	--	--	18	9
2.	SLC	MHP-19015	Massive Open Online Course -II	3	--	--	3
<b>Total</b>				<b>3</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>12</b>

Blue Highlighted Text: New Course

Table: List of departmental electives

Departmental Elective I			
Sr. No	Course Type	Course Code	Departmental Elective I
1.	DE	MHP(DE)-19001	Energy Conservation and Management
2.	DE	MHP(DE)-19005	Nuclear Engineering

Departmental Elective II			
Sr. No	Course Type	Course Code	Departmental Elective II
1	DE	MHP(DE)-19002	Solar and Wind System Design
2	DE	MHP(DE)-19003	Design of Thermal System

Departmental Elective III			
Sr. No	Course Type	Course Code	Departmental Elective III
1.	DE	MHP(DE)-19004	Micro-fluidics
2.	DE	MHP(DE)-19006	Air Conditioning System Design

**(PSMC- MHP-19001) Mathematical Methods in Engineering**

**Teaching Scheme**

Lectures: 3 hrs/week, Tutorial:1hr/week

**Examination Scheme**

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will demonstrate the ability to:

1. Identify and solve engineering problems by applying the knowledge of differential equations.
2. Apply statistical techniques for analysis.
3. Develop and analyze mathematical models of engineering systems.

**Syllabus Contents:**

**Unit I : Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations and Concepts in Solution to Boundary Value Problems**

Ordinary linear differential equations solvable by direct solution methods; solvable nonlinear ODE's; First and second order partial differential equations; canonical forms; space of functions, projection of functions onto an orthogonal set; Fourier series [14 Hrs]

**Unit II : Major Equation Types Encountered in Engineering and Physical Sciences**

Solution methods for wave equation, D'Alembert solution, potential equation, properties of harmonic functions, maximum principle, solution by variable separation method, heat (diffusion) equation, maximum principle for heat equation, methods for infinite and semi-infinite media, Fourier and Laplace Transforms [18 Hrs]

**Unit III : Introduction to Probability Theory [10 Hrs]**

Probability Theory and Sampling Distributions. Basic probability theory along with examples. Standard discrete and continuous distributions like Binomial, Poisson, Normal, Exponential etc. Central Limit Theorem and its significance. Some sampling distributions like  $\chi^2$ , t, F.

**Text Books:**

- J. B. Doshi, *Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers*, Narosa, New Delhi, 2010 (for Units I & II)
- Ronald E, Walpole, Sharon L. Myers, Keying Ye, *Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists* (8<sup>th</sup> Edition), Pearson Prentice Hall, 2007 (for Units III & IV)

**Reference Books:**

- Advanced Engineering Mathematics (9<sup>th</sup> Edition), by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley India (2013)
- Douglas C. Montgomery, *Design and Analysis of Experiments* (7<sup>th</sup> Edition), Wiley Student Edition, 2009.
- S. P. Gupta, *Statistical Methods*, S. Chand & Sons, 37<sup>th</sup> revised edition, 2008
- William W. Hines, Douglas C. Montgomery, David M. Goldsman, *Probability and Statistics for Engineering*, (4<sup>th</sup> Edition), Wiley Student edition, 2006

## (PSBC- MHP-19002) Advanced Thermodynamics

### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Apply the 1st Law for steady and transient systems.
2. Apply the 2nd Law for cyclic systems
3. Analyze multi-components systems.
4. Analyze exergy, availability, and irreversibility in closed and open thermodynamic systems
5. Apply mass, energy, entropy, and availability balance equations for closed and open thermodynamic systems
6. Derive and apply thermodynamic relations between the measurable and non-measurable properties.
7. Determine adiabatic flame temperature
8. Appreciate importance of non-equilibrium thermodynamics

#### Syllabus Contents:

- **Recapitulation of Fundamentals, Maxwell equations**  
Laws of Thermodynamics, First Law Analysis of Closed Systems and Open Systems, Thermodynamic behavior of real gases.
- **Second Law Analysis of Thermodynamic Systems**  
Introduction, Thermodynamic availability, Second Law Analysis of Closed Systems and Open Systems
- **Thermodynamic relationships.**  
Mathematical preliminaries, Gibbs equations and Maxwell Relations, General Equations for internal energy, enthalpy, entropy and specific heats, other thermodynamic relations
- **Thermodynamics of Chemical reactions**  
Introduction, conservation of mass, theoretical combustion process, actual combustion process, enthalpy of formation, enthalpy of combustion and heating values, adiabatic flame temperature.
- **Elements of non-equilibrium thermodynamics**

#### References:

1. William Z. Black and Jems G. Hartley, "Thermodynamics", Pearson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. ISBN 9788131733165
2. Lynn D. Russell and George A. Adebisi, "Engineering Thermodynamics", Oxford Publication, 2010, ISBN-10: 0-19-568905-4
3. Howell and Dedcius, "Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics", McGraw Hill Inc., U.S.A.
4. Van Wylen & Sonntag, "Thermodynamics", John Wiley and Sons Inc., U.S.A.
5. Jones and Hawkings, "Engineering Thermodynamics", John Wiley and Sons Inc.,

U.S.A, 2004.

6. Faires V.M. and Simmag, "Thermodynamics", Macmillan Publishing Co. Inc., U.S.A.

7. Rao Y.V.C., "Postulational and Statistical Thermodynamics", Allied Publishers Inc, 1994.

### (MHP(DE)-19001) Energy Conservation and Management

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

#### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able

1. Analyze national and international energy scenarios
2. Generate scenarios of energy consumption and predict the future trend
3. Suggest and plan energy conservation solutions

#### Syllabus Contents:

**Introduction:** Global Energy Scenario and Indian Energy Scenario in various sectors and Indian economy. Concerns of Energy Security in India

**Basics** – Revision of basics of Electrical and Mechanical Engineering relevant to Energy conservation and Management, Definitions of units, conversions in commercial practices Sankey Diagrams, Specific Energy consumption

**Economic Analysis** : Simple Payback Period, Return on Investment, Dynamic value of money, Discount Rate Cash flows, Time value of money, Formulae relating present and future cash flows - single amount, uniform series; Payback period; Return on Investment (ROI); Life Cycle cost.

Costing of Utilities – specific costs of utilities like; all fuels steam, compressed air, electricity, water etc.

**Energy Auditing** : Elements and concepts, Types of energy audits, methodology, Instruments used in energy auditing; Portable and On-line instruments; Role of Non-Conventional Energy Sources in Energy Conservation; Need and Kyoto Protocol, Carbon Credits and Clean Development Mechanism (CDM).

**Fuels** – Solid, Liquid and gaseous, Combustion, Excess air requirements, Flue gas monitoring

**Boilers**–Performance testing, efficiencies, and energy conservation opportunities

**Steam Systems**– Aspects of steam distribution, Steam Traps, Condensate and Flash-steam utilization, Energy conservation opportunities, Thermal Insulation

**Mechanical Systems:** Energy Conservation Opportunities in compressed air systems, Refrigeration and air-conditioning system and water systems, Elementary coverage of Energy conservation in pumps and fans Cogeneration-concept, options(steam/gas, turbine/DCT-based), Selection criteria, Trigeration

Electric System: Demand control, Demand Side Management (DSM), Power Factor Improvement, benefits and ways of improvement, Load scheduling, Electric motors, losses, efficiency, energy-efficient motors, motor speed control, variable speed drive. Lighting: Illumination levels, fixtures,

timers, energy- efficient illumination.

#### Text Books:

1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India.
2. S Rao and B BParulekar ,” Energy Technology’ Khanna Publishers, 1999
3. B.G. Desai, M.D.Parmar, R.Paraman and B.S. Vaidya, “Efficient Use of Electricity in Industries” ECQ serriesDevki R & D. Engineers, Vadodara

#### Reference Books

4. Witte. L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, “Industrial Energy Management and Utilization” Hemisphere Publication, Washington, 1988.
5. D.A. Ray: Industrial Energy conservation. Pergamon Press
6. W.C. Turner, editor: Energy Management handbook (Willey)
7. Patrick Steven R., Patric Dale R. , and Fordo Stephen : Energy conservation Guide book, The Fairmont Press Inc.7.
8. F. William Payne and Richard E. Thompson: EfficientBoiler Operation Source Book.
9. Albert Thumann: Plant Engineers and managers Guide to Energy conservation

### (MHP(DE)-19005) Nuclear Engineering

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

#### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course students will be able to:

1. Understand the basic concepts and processes taking place inside a nuclear reactor, such as nuclear fission, neutron production, scattering, diffusion, slowing down and absorption.
2. Understand the concepts of reactor criticality, the relationship between the dimension and fissile material concentration in a critical geometry.
3. Predicttime dependent (transient) behavior of power reactor in non-steady state operation and the means to control the reactor.
4. Analyze the heat removal from reactor core, reactor safety and radiation protection.

#### Syllabus Contents:

##### Basics of nuclear fission and power from fission

Radioactivity, nuclear reactions, cross sections, nuclear fission, power from fission, conversion and breeding

##### Neutron transport and diffusion

Neutron transport equation, diffusion theory approximation, Fick’s law, solutions to diffusion equation for point source, planar source, etc., energy loss in elastic collisions, neutron slowing

down

**Multigroup, multiregion diffusion equation, concept of criticality**

Solution of multigroup diffusion equations in one region and multi-region reactors, concept of criticality of thermal reactors

**Reactor kinetics and control**

Derivation of point kinetics equations, inhour equation, solutions for simple cases of reactivity additions, fission product poison, reactivity coefficients

**Heat removal from reactor core**

Solution of heat transfer equation in reactor core, temperature distribution, critical heat flux

**Text Books :**

1. Introduction to Nuclear Engineering (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition) by John R. Lamarsh, Anthony J. Barrata, Prentice Hall, (2001)
2. Introduction to Nuclear Reactor Theory, by John R. Lamarsh, Addison-Wesley, (1966)

**Reference Book:**

Nuclear Reactor Analysis, by James J. Duderstadt and Lewis J. Hamilton, John Wiley (1976)

**(PCC- MHP-19003) Fluid Dynamics**

**Teaching Scheme**

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

**Examination Scheme**

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the Students shall be able

1. Understand and define the fluid flow problems along with range of governing parameters
2. Take up the fluid flow problems of industrial base.
3. Devise the experiments in the field of fluid mechanics.
4. Understand the flow patterns and differentiate between the flow regimes and its effects.

**Syllabus Contents:**

- **Governing equations in Fluid Dynamics:** Derivation of Continuity and Momentum equations using integral and differential approach, dimensionless form of governing equations, special forms of governing equations, integral quantities
- **Exact Solutions of Navier-Stokes Equations:** Fully developed flows, parallel flow in straight channel, Couette flow, Creeping flows
- **Potential Flow:** Kelvin's theorem, Irrotational flow, Stream function-vorticity



approach,

- **Laminar Boundary layers:** Boundary layer equations, flow over flat plate, Momentum integral equation for boundary layer, approximate solution methodology for boundary layer equations
- **Turbulent Flow:** Characteristics of turbulent flow, laminar turbulent transition, time mean motion and fluctuations, derivation of governing equations for turbulent flow, shear stress models, universal velocity distribution
- **Experimental Techniques:** Role of experiments in fluid, layout of fluid flow experiments, sources of error in experiments, data analysis, design of experiments, review of probes and transducers, Introduction to Hot wire Anemometry, Laser Doppler Velocimetry and Particle Image Velocimetry

#### References:

1. Muralidhar and Biswas, Advanced Engineering Fluid Mechanics, , Alpha Science International, 2005
2. Irwin Shames, Mechanics of Fluids, , McGraw Hill, 2003
3. Fox R.W., McDonald A.T , Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 1985
4. Pijush K. Kundu, Ira M Kohen and David R. Dawaling, Fluid Mechanics, Fifth Edition, 2005

### (PCC- MHP-19004) Advance Heat Transfer

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

#### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Understand the fundamental governing equations of conduction, convection and radiation
2. Account for the consequence of heat transfer in thermal analyses of engineering systems
3. Evaluate heat transfer coefficients in forced convection for internal and external flows.
4. Calculate radiation heat transfer between black body surfaces and gray body surfaces.

#### Syllabus Contents:

- Steady and transient conduction- one and two dimensional
- Fins, conduction with heat source, unsteady state heat transfer
- Natural and forced convection, integral equation, analysis and analogies,
- Transpiration cooling, ablation heat transfer, boiling, condensation and two phase flow mass transfer, cooling, fluidized bed combustion,

- Heat pipes, Radiation, shape factor, analogy, shields,
- Radiation of gases & vapours.

#### References:

1. J.P. Holman, "Heat Transfer", McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1990.
2. Incropera and Dewitt, "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2000.
3. Frank Kreith, "Principles of Heat Transfer", Harper and Row Publishers, New York, 1973.
4. Donald Q. Kern "Process Heat Transfer", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1975.
5. Gupta and Prakash, "Engineering Heat Transfer", New Chand and Bros, Roorkee (U.P.) India, 1996.
6. R.C. Sachdeva "Fundamentals of Engineering Heat and Mass Transfer", Wiley Eastern Ltd., India,

### (PCC- MHP-19005) Refrigeration and Cryogenics

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week, Tutorial:1hr/week

#### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

1. Understand basics of refrigeration and cryogenics and its application areas
2. Design the refrigeration systems for domestic and industrial applications like cold storages
3. Demonstrate knowledge about ODP, GWP and related environmental issues

#### Syllabus Contents:

- Vapour compression refrigeration, actual cycle, second law efficiency,
- Multistage compression with inter-cooling, Multi-evaporator systems, Cascade systems,
- Performance characteristics and capacity control of reciprocating and centrifugal compressors, screw compressor and scroll compressor,
- Design, selection of evaporators, condensers, control systems, motor selection,
- Refrigerants, alternative refrigerants, CFC/HCFC phase-out regulations,
- Refrigeration applications, food preservation, transport,
- Introduction to Vapor absorption refrigeration, single effect and double effect systems,

- Gas liquefaction systems - Linde-Hampson, Linde dual pressure, Claude cycle.

**References:**

1. R.J.Dossat, "Principles of Refrigeration", Pearson Education Asia, 2001.
2. C.P.Arora, "Refrigeration and Air-conditioning", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2000.
3. Stoecker & Jones, "Refrigeration and Air-conditioning", McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1982.
4. Jordan & Priester, "Refrigeration and Air-conditioning".
5. A.R.Trott, "Refrigeration and Air-conditioning", Butterworths, 2000.
6. J.L.Threlkeld, "Thermal Environmental Engineering", Prentice Hall, 1970.
7. R.Barron, "Cryogenic systems", McGraw-Hill Company, New Yourk, 1985.
8. G.G.Hasseldon. "Cryogenic Fundamentals", Academic Press.
9. Bailey, "Advanced Cryogenics", Plenum Press, London, 1971.
10. W.F.Stoecker, "Industrial Refrigeration Handbook", McGraw-Hill, 1998.
11. John A.Corinchock, "Technician's Guide to Refrigeration systems", McGrawHill.
12. P.C.Koelet, "Industrial Refrigeration: Principles, Design and Applications", Macmillan, 1992.
13. ASHRAE HANDBOOKS (i) Fundamentals (ii) Refrigeration.
14. Graham Walker, "Miniature Refrigerators for Cryogenic Sensors and Cold Electronics", Clarendon Press, 1989

**(MHP-19006) Thermal Engineering Lab Practice-I**

**Teaching Scheme**

Practical: 6 hrs/week,

**Examination Scheme**

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

1. Apply the fundamental understanding of fluid dynamic concepts to the practical problems
2. Design the refrigeration systems for domestic and industrial applications like cold storages
3. Carry out the temperature measurements for determination of heat transfer coefficients

**Syllabus Contents:**

- Students are expected to carry out at least 6 practical assignments (Minimum two from courses on fluid dynamics, advanced heat transfer, and refrigeration and cryogenics)

**Interdisciplinary Open Course**

## (IOC-1)Mechanics of Composite Materials

### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

The student should be able to

1. Student will be able to understand the basic concepts and difference between composite materials with conventional materials.
2. Students will be able to understand role of constituent materials in defining the average properties and response of composite materials on macroscopic level.
3. Students will be able to apply knowledge for finding failure envelopes and stress-strain plots of laminates.
4. Students will be able to develop a clear understanding to utilize subject knowledge using computer programs to solve problems at structural level.

#### Syllabus Contents:

##### Introduction

Definition and characteristics, Overview of advantage and limitations of composite materials, Significance and objectives of composite materials, Science and technology, current status and future prospectus

##### Basic Concepts and Characteristics

Structural performance of conventional material, Geometric and physical definition, Material response, Classification of composite materials, Scale of analysis; Micromechanics, Basic lamina properties, Constituent materials and properties, Properties of typical composite materials

##### Elastic Behavior of Unidirectional Lamina

Stress-strain relations, Relation between mathematical and engineering constants, transformation of stress, strain and elastic parameters

##### Strength of Unidirectional Lamina

Micromechanics of failure; failure mechanisms, Macromechanical strength parameters, Macromechanical failure theories, Applicability of various failure theories

### **Elastic Behavior of Laminate**

Basic assumptions, Strain-displacement relations, Stress-strain relation of layer within a laminate, Force and moment resultant, General load–deformation relations, Analysis of different types of laminates

### **Hygrothermal Effects**

Hygrothermal effects on mechanical behavior, Hygrothermal stress-strain relations, Hygro-thermoelastic stress analysis of laminates, Residual stresses, Warpage

### **Stress and Failure Analysis of Laminates**

Types of failures, Stress analysis and safety factors for first ply failure of symmetric laminates, Micromechanics of progressive failure; Progressive and ultimate laminate failure, Design methodology for structural composite materials

### **References:**

1. Isaac M. Daniels, Ori Ishai, "Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials", Oxford University Press, 1994.
2. Bhagwan D. Agarwal, Lawrence J. Broutman, "Analysis and Performance of fiber composites", John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1990.
3. Mathews, F. L. and Rawlings, R. D., "Composite Materials: Engineering and Science", CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2003.
4. Madhujit Mukhopadhyay, "Mechanics of Composite Materials and Structures", University Press, 2004.
5. Mazumdar S. K., "Composite Manufacturing – Materials, Product and Processing Engineering", CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2002.
6. Robert M. Jones, "Mechanics of Composite Materials", Taylor and Francis, Inc., 1999.

## (IOC-2) Finite Element Method

### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course:

1. The student will be able to classify a given problem on the basis of its dimensionality as 1-D, 2-D, or 3-D, time-dependence as Static or Dynamic, Linear or Non-linear.
2. The students will be able to develop system level matrix equations from a given mathematical model of a problem following the Galerkin weighted residual method or principle of stationary potential.
3. While demonstrating the process mentioned in 2 above, he will be able to identify the primary and secondary variables of the problem and choose correct nodal degrees of freedom and develop suitable shape functions for an element, implement Gauss-Legendre scheme of numerical integration to evaluate integrals at element level, and assemble the element level equations to get the system level matrix equations. He will also be able to substitute the essential boundary conditions correctly and obtain the solution to system level matrix equations to get the values of the field variable at the global nodes.
4. The student will be able to state three sources of errors in implementing FEM and suggest remedies to minimize the same for a given problem, viz. Modelling errors, Approximation errors, and numerical errors.
5. The student will be able to obtain consistent and lumped mass matrices for axial vibration of bars and transverse vibration of beams and obtain fundamental frequency of natural vibration using the methods mentioned in the curricula.
6. The students will be able use MATLAB for implementation of FEM to obtain elongations at nodes of a bar subjected to traction and concentrated loads and prescribed boundary conditions
7. The students will be able to use commercial software like ANSYS or ABAQUS for implementation of FEM to obtain stress concentration due to a small hole in a rectangular plate subjected to traction on edges and concentrated loads at points on the edges and prescribed boundary conditions.

### Syllabus Contents:

Introduction, Classification of problems – Dimensionality, time dependence, Boundary Value problems, Initial value problems, Linear/Non-linear, etc,

Differential equation as the starting point for FEM, steps in finite element method, discretization, types of elements used, Shape functions,

Linear Elements, Local and Global coordinates, Coordinate transformation and Gauss-Legendre scheme of numerical integration, Nodal degrees of freedom,

Finite element formulation, variational, weighted residual and virtual work methods, 1-D and 2-D problems from Structural Mechanics – Bar and Beam problem,

Plane stress and plane strain problems, Axi-symmetric problems – Axi-symmetric forces and geometry, computer implementation, higher order elements, iso-parametric formulation,

Eigen-value problems, Natural axial vibration of bars and transverse vibration of beams, Methods to find eigen-values and eigen-vectors.

#### References:

1. Chandrupatla and Belegundu "Introduction to finite elements in Engineering", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2001.
2. Logan Deryl L., "A First Course in Finite Element Method", Thomson Brook/Cole, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. 2002
3. Cook R.D. "Concepts and applications of finite element analysis" Wiley, New York, 1981.
4. Reddy J N, "Finite element Method", Tata McGraw Hill publishing Co Ltd, New Delhi, Ed. 2, 2003
5. Bathe K.J., Cliffs, N.J. "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis", Englewood. Prentice Hall, 1981.

#### Department Elective –II

#### (MHP(DE)-19002) Design of Solar and Wind System

##### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

##### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Demonstrate significance of analysis of solar and wind sources and design technologies of their Utilization
2. Confidently estimate the potential of solar and wind resources through numerical assignments

3. Understand economics of Solar and Wind power plants
4. Expose themselves to conceptualize and design renewable energy appliances and equipment
5. Enable them to independently analyze, implement and assess the real life systems
6. Develop a research insight about solar and wind energy technologies so as to motivate all concerned for enhanced deployment of renewable energy option

### Syllabus Contents:

**Introduction:** Solar radiation fundamentals, review of solar thermal applications and devices, Indian Standards for FPC, Characterization of Flat plate collectors, Design and Performance estimation of solar water and air heating systems, modern design and simulation methods, intelligence economic analysis of solar systems

**Medium and high temperature applications of Solar Thermal Energy** – Concentrating collectors, classification, types and suitability, tracking, Performance evaluation point of focusing, line focusing collectors, Industrial Process heating systems, Solar thermal power generation-technologies, Thermodynamic cycles, Storage issues and challenges in the commercialization.

**Solar Photovoltaic Conversion-** Review of Basics of Photovoltaic Technology, Fill Factor, Impact of Temperature and Shading on the performance of a PV modules, shading correction, MPPT, NOCT, Design of Standalone and grid connected Solar Photovoltaic arrays and systems, BOS

#### Wind power systems

History and types of wind machines, Terminology, Dimensional analysis, Principles of Aerodynamics of wind turbine blade, Maximum rotor efficiency (Betz Limit), Power output from practical wind turbine generators, Concept of Load matching.

#### Wind Resource analysis

Average power in wind, Wind speed statistics, Wind speed distribution, Wind shear, Wind measurement instrumentation, Wind data analysis, tabulation, Wind resource estimation.

#### Wind turbine Generators, Control and hybrid systems

Generators and control systems, On-grid and off grid wind power plants, sizing of wind based off grid systems, wind-PV hybrid, wind-diesel hybrid

### References:

1. Kalogirou Soteris A. Solar energy Engineering Process and Systems, Academic Press Amsterdam, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009
2. Sukhtme, J. K. Nayak, Solar Energy Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw Hill
3. Duffie John A. and Beckman William A., Solar Engineering of Thermal Processes, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Second Edition, 1991
4. Gilbert Masters, Renewable and Efficient Power Systems, Wiley Inter-science, John Wiley and Sons. Inc. ,2004
5. Tiwari G. N. and Ghosal M. K. Fundamentals of Renewable Energy Sources, by, Narosa Publishing House
6. V.V. N. Kishore, Editor, Renewable Energy Engineering and Technology, A knowledge Compendium, The Energy and Resources Institute, New Delhi, 2008
7. G. L. Johnson, Wind Energy Systems, Prentice Hall, New York, 1985.
8. S. N. Bhadra, D. Kastha, Soumitro Banerjee, Wind Electrical Systems, Oxford University Press, USA



9. S. Mathew, Wind Energy : Fundamentals, Resource Analysis and Economics, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg

### **(MHP(DE)-19003) Design of Thermal Systems**

#### **Teaching Scheme**

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

#### **Examination Scheme**

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Understand the basic principles of thermal design
2. Apply the basic modeling knowledge about subjects of applied thermodynamics and heat transfer to the devices such as heat exchangers, evaporators, condensers, boilers, condensation of binary mixtures and turbo machinery
3. Construct the simulation of thermal systems
4. Understand the basic of optimum system design

#### **Syllabus Contents:**

1. Fundamentals of engineering design. Economic analysis. Equation fitting. Solution of linear and nonlinear equation sets. Cost analysis.
2. Fundamentals of design, and selection of thermal equipment and processes such as heat exchangers, evaporators, condensers, boilers, binary mixtures and turbo machinery.
3. Mathematical modeling of thermal equipment.
4. Simulation of thermal systems.
5. Fundamentals of optimum system design. Optimization methods and optimization of thermal systems.

#### **References:**

1. Stoker W. F., Design of Thermal Systems, McGraw Hill

### **Department Elective –III**

### **(MHP(DE)-19004) Micro-fluidics**

#### **Teaching Scheme**

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

#### **Examination Scheme**

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course students will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamentals of the physics of flows at micro-level in terms of

Knudsen number

2. Mathematically model the micro scale flow including boundary conditions
3. Solve the flow problems in case of capillary flow
4. Explain and apply fundamentals of electrokinetics to the flow problems

### **Syllabus Contents:**

#### **Introduction:**

Origin, Definition, Benefits, Challenges, Commercial activities, Physics of miniaturization, Scaling laws.

#### **Micro-scale fluid mechanics:**

Intermolecular forces, States of matter, Continuum assumption, Governing equations, Constitutive relations. Gas and liquid flows, Boundary conditions, Slip theory, Transition to turbulence, Low Re flows, Entrance effects. Exact solutions, Couette flow, Poiseuille flow, Stokes drag on a sphere, Time-dependent flows, Two-phase flows, Thermal transfer in microchannels.

#### **Capillary flows:**

Surface tension and interfacial energy, Young-Laplace equation, Contact angle, Capillary length and capillary rise, Interfacial boundary conditions, Marangoni effect.

#### **Electrokinetics:**

Electrohydrodynamics fundamentals. Electro-osmosis, Debye layer, Thin ED Limit, Ideal electroosmotic flow, Ideal EOF with back pressure, Cascade electroosmotic micropump, EOF of power-law fluids. Electrophoresis of particles, Electrophoretic mobility, Electrophoretic velocity dependence on particle size. Dielectrophoresis, Induced polarization and DEP, Point dipole in a dielectric fluid, DEP force on a dielectric sphere, DEP particle trapping, AC DEP force on a dielectric sphere. Electro-capillary effects, Continuous electro-wetting, Direct electro-wetting, Electro-wetting on dielectric.

#### **Microfluidics components:**

Micropumps, Check-valve pumps, Valve-less pumps, Peristaltic pumps, Rotary pumps, Centrifugal pumps, Ultrasonic pump, EHD pump, MHD pumps. Microvalves, Pneumatic valves, Thermopneumatic valves, Thermomechanical valves, Piezoelectric valves, Electrostatic valves, Electromagnetic valves, Capillary force valves. Microflow sensors, Differential pressure flow sensors, Drag force flow sensors, Lift force flow sensors, Coriolis flow sensors, Thermal flow sensors. Micromixers, Physics of mixing, Pe-Re diagram of micromixers, Parallel lamination, Sequential lamination, Taylor-Aris dispersion. Droplet generators, Kinetics of a droplet, Dynamics of a droplet, In-channel dispensers, T-junction and Cross-junction, Droplet formation, breakup and transport. Microparticle separator, principles of separation and sorting of microparticles, design and applications. Microreactors, Design considerations, Liquid-phase reactors, PCR, Design consideration for PCR reactors.

#### **Few applications of microfluidics:**

Drug delivery, Diagnostics, Bio-sensing.

**References:**

1. Nguyen, N. T., Werely,S. T., Fundamentals and applications of Microfluidics,Artech house Inc., 2002.
2. Bruus, H., Theoretical Microfluidics, Oxford University Press Inc., 2008.
3. Madou, M. J., Fundamentals of Microfabrication, CRC press, 2002.
4. Tabeling,P., Introduction to microfluidics, Oxford University Press Inc., 2005.
5. Kirby,B.J., Micro- and Nanoscale Fluid Mechanics: Transport in Microfluidic Devices, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
6. Colin,S., Microfluidics, John Wiley & Sons, 2009.

**(MHP(DE)-19006) Air conditioning system Design****Teaching Scheme**

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

**Examination Scheme**

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course students will be able to:

1. Understand construction and design features Air-conditioning system.
2. Apply psychrometry for the practical applications.
3. Design Air conditioning systems.
4. Design seasonal energy efficient systems
5. Design Air conditioning ducts.

**Syllabus Contents:**

- Air conditioning systems,
- Various air-conditioning processes,
- Enthalpy deviation curve, Psychrometry , SHF, dehumidified air quantity, human comfort, indoor air quality,
- Design conditions and load calculations, air distribution, pressure drop, duct design, fans & blowers,
- Cooling load estimation for residential and industry applications, designing the AC systems, selection of components, design of ducts.
- Performance & selection, noise control.

**References:**

1. ASHRAE Handbook.
2. "Handbook of air-conditioning system design", Carrier Incorporation, McGraw Hill Book Co., U.S.A, 1965.
3. "Refrigeration and air-conditioning", ARI, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1993.

4. Norman C. Harris, "Modern Air Conditioning", New York, McGraw-Hill, 1974.
5. Jones W.P., "Air Conditioning Engineering", Edward Arnold Publishers Ltd., London, 1984.
6. Hainer R.W., "Control Systems for Heating, Ventilation and Air-Conditioning", Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., New York, 1984.
7. Arora C.P., "Refrigeration & Air Conditioning", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1985.
8. Manohar Prasad, "Refrigeration & Air Conditioning", New Age Publishers.
9. Stoecker, "Refrigeration & Air Conditioning", Mc Graw Hill, 1992.
10. Stoecker, "Design of Thermal Systems", Mc Graw Hill, 1992.

### (ML-19013) Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Rights

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 2hr / week

#### Examination Scheme

Continuous evaluation

Assignments/Presentation/Quiz/Test)

#### Course Outcomes:

##### Student will be able to

1. Understand research problem formulation and approaches of investigation of solutions for research problems
2. Learn ethical practices to be followed in research and apply research methodology in case studies and acquire skills required for presentation of research outcomes
3. Discover how IPR is regarded as a source of national wealth and mark of an economic leadership in context of global market scenario
4. Summarize that it is an incentive for further research work and investment in R & D, leading to creation of new and better products and generation of economic and social benefits

#### Syllabus Contents:

##### Unit 1: Fundamentals of Communication

[5 Hrs]

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem.

Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, necessary instrumentations.

##### Unit 2: Aural-Oral Communication

[5 Hrs]

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis

Use Design of Experiments /Taguchi Method to plan a set of experiments or simulations or build prototype

Analyze your results and draw conclusions or Build Prototype, Test and Redesign

##### Unit 3: Reading and Writing

[5 Hrs]

Plagiarism, Research ethics

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper.

Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

**Unit 4 :****[4Hrs]**

Introduction to the concepts Property and Intellectual Property, Nature and Importance of Intellectual Property Rights, Objectives and Importance of understanding Intellectual Property Rights

**Unit 5 :****[7Hrs]**

Understanding the types of Intellectual Property Rights: -Patents-Indian Patent Office and its Administration, Administration of Patent System – Patenting under Indian Patent Act , Patent Rights and its Scope, Licensing and transfer of technology, Patent information and database. Provisional and Non Provisional Patent Application and Specification, Plant Patenting, Idea Patenting, Integrated Circuits, Industrial Designs, Trademarks (Registered and unregistered trademarks), Copyrights, Traditional Knowledge, Geographical Indications, Trade Secrets, Case Studies

**Unit 6:****[4Hrs]**

New Developments in IPR, Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development, International Scenario: WIPO, TRIPs, Patenting under PCT

**References:**

1. Aswani Kumar Bansal : Law of Trademarks in India
2. B L Wadehra : Law Relating to Patents, Trademarks, Copyright,
  - a. Designs and Geographical Indications.
3. G.V.G Krishnamurthy : The Law of Trademarks, Copyright, Patents and
  - a. Design.
4. Satyawrat Ponkse: The Management of Intellectual Property.
5. S K Roy Chaudhary & H K Saharay : The Law of Trademarks, Copyright, Patents
6. Intellectual Property Rights under WTO by T. Ramappa, S. Chand.
7. Manual of Patent Office Practice and Procedure
8. WIPO : WIPO Guide To Using Patent Information
9. Resisting Intellectual Property by Halbert ,Taylor & Francis
10. Industrial Design by Mayall, Mc Graw Hill
11. Product Design by Niebel, Mc Graw Hill

### (ML-19014) Effective Communication Skills

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 1hr / week

#### Examination Scheme

100Marks: 4 Assignments  
(25M each)

#### Course Outcomes:

##### Student will be able to

1. Produce effective dialogue for business related situations
2. Use listening, speaking, reading and writing skills for communication purposes and attempt tasks by using functional grammar and vocabulary effectively
3. Analyze critically different concepts / principles of communication skills
4. Demonstrate productive skills and have a knack for structured conversations
5. Appreciate, analyze, evaluate business reports and research papers

#### Syllabus Contents:

##### Unit 1: Fundamentals of Communication

[4 Hrs]

7 Cs of communication, common errors in English, enriching vocabulary, styles and registers

##### Unit 2: Aural-Oral Communication

[4 Hrs]

The art of listening, stress and intonation, group discussion, oral presentation skills

##### Unit 3: Reading and Writing

[4 Hrs]

Types of reading, effective writing, business correspondence, interpretation of technical reports and research papers

#### References:

1. Raman Sharma, "Technical Communication", Oxford University Press.
2. Raymond Murphy "Essential English Grammar" (Elementary & Intermediate) Cambridge University Press.
3. Mark Hancock "English Pronunciation in Use" Cambridge University Press.
4. Shirley Taylor, "Model Business Letters, Emails and Other Business Documents" (seventh edition), Prentise Hall
5. Thomas Huckin, Leslie Olsen "Technical writing and Professional Communications for Non-native speakers of English", McGraw Hill.

#### Liberal Learning Course

### (PCC- MHP-19008) Computational Fluid Dynamics

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week, Tutorial :1hr/week

#### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Understand and modify the governing equations of fluid flow and heat transfer as per

problem statement

2. Discretize the governing equations using finite volume method
3. Apply the boundary conditions in discretized form
4. Numerically solve the conduction, convection, momentum and energy equation
5. Carry out the post processing of the results to determine engineering parameters

### Syllabus Contents:

- **Introduction to CFD:** Computational approach to Fluid Dynamics and its comparison with experimental and analytical methods, Basics of PDE: Elliptic, Parabolic and Hyperbolic Equations.
- **Governing Equations:** Review of Navier-Stokes Equation and simplified forms, Solution Methodology: FDM and FVM with special emphasis on FVM, Stability, Convergence and Accuracy.
- **Finite Volume Method:** Domain discretization, types of mesh and quality of mesh, SIMPLE, pressure velocity coupling, Checkerboard pressure field and staggered grid approach
- **Geometry Modeling and Grid Generation:** Practical aspects of computational modeling of flow domains, Grid Generation, Types of mesh and selection criteria, Mesh quality, Key parameters and their importance
- **Methodology of CFDHT:** Objectives and importance of CFDHT, CFDHT for Diffusion Equation, Convection Equation and Convection-Diffusion Equation
- **Solution of N-S Equations for Incompressible Flows:** Semi-Explicit and Semi-Implicit Algorithms for Staggered Grid System and Non Staggered Grid System of N-S Equations for Incompressible Flows

### References:

1. Atul Sharma, Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics: Development, Application and Analysis, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2017
2. Computational Fluid Dynamics, The Basic with applications by John A. Anderson, Jr., McGraw Hill International editions, Mechanical Engineering series.
3. Numerical Methods in Fluid Flow & Heat Transfer by Dr. SuhasPatankar.
4. An Introduction to Computational Fluid Flow (Finite Volume Method), by H.K. Versteeg, W.Malalasekera, Printice Hall
5. Computational Methods for Fluid Dynamics by Ferziger and Peric, Springer Publication.
6. An Introduction to Computational Fluid Mechanics by Chuen-Yen Chow, Wiley Publication.
7. Computational Fluid Flow & Heat Transfer by Murlidhar and Sundarrajan, Narosa Publication.

## (PCC- MHP-19009) Heat Exchanger Design

### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

1. select the appropriate heat exchanger
2. estimate fouling rates according to design conditions
3. perform sizing and rating of heat exchangers for complicated designs
4. design, analyze and evaluate heat exchangers and use of commercial software
5. perform optimum design of heat exchangers

#### Syllabus Contents:

Heat Exchangers – Classification according to transfer process, flow arrangement, number of fluids, surface compactness, and construction features. Tubular heat exchanger, plate type heat exchangers, extended surface heat exchangers, heat pipe, Regenerators.

Heat exchanger design methodology, assumption for heat transfer analysis, problem formulation,  $\epsilon$ -NTU method, P-NTU method, Mean temperature difference method.

Fouling of heat exchanger, effects of fouling, categories of fouling, fundamental processes offouling, determination of fouling resistance and consequences of fouling on performance of heat exchangers.

Double Pipe Heat Exchangers: Thermal and Hydraulic design of inner tube, Thermal andhydraulic analysis of Annulus, Pressure drop analysis

Compact Heat Exchangers: Thermal and Hydraulic design of compact heat exchanger

Shell and Tube heat exchangers – Tinker's, Kern's, and Bell Delaware's methods, for thermaland hydraulic design of Shell and Tube heat exchanger

Mechanical Design of Heat Exchangers – design standards and codes, key terms in heatexchanger design, and thickness calculation for major components such as tube sheet, shell,tubes etc.

Optimum design of Heat Exchanger- Heat transfer equipment cost, relative cost, optimum design and optimization procedure

#### References:

1. Ramesh K. Shah and Dusan P. Sekulic, "Fundamentals of Heat Exchanger Design" John Wiley & sons Inc., 2003.
2. D.C. Kern, "Process Heat Transfer", McGraw Hill, 1950.
3. SadikKakac and Hongton Liu, "Heat Exchangers: Selection, Rating and Thermal Design" CRC Press, 1998.
4. A .P. Frass and M.N. Ozisik, "Heat Exchanger Design", McGraw Hill, 1984
5. Afgan N. and Schlinder E.V. "Heat Exchanger Design and Theory Source Book".
6. T. Kuppan, "Hand Book of Heat Exchanger Design".
7. "T.E.M.A. Standard", New York, 1999.
8. G. Walkers, "Industrial Heat Exchangers-A Basic Guide", McGraw Hill, 1982.



## (PCC- MHP-19010) Modeling of IC Engine

### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3hrs/week

### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will demonstrate the ability to:

1. Learn about advanced concepts being pursued for modeling of IC Engine.
2. Determine engine performance characteristics for IC Engine by Applying thermo-chemical principles of energy and chemical balances through appropriate modeling.
3. Identify engineering problems, formulate model and solve the problems using knowledge of mathematics science and engineering.
4. Create and analyze zero dimensional thermodynamic model of IC Engine combustion
5. Use and analyze of one dimensional commercial software.

#### Syllabus Contents:

- **Fundamentals:** Governing equations, Equilibrium charts of combustion chemistry, chemical reaction rates, and approaches of modeling, model building and integration methods, gas exchange through valves, engine and porting geometry, exhaust gas recirculation, valve lift curves, and William's line for friction.
- **Thermodynamic Combustion Models of CI Engines:** Single zone models, premixed and diffusive combustion models, combustion heat release using wiebe function, wall heat transfer correlations, ignition delay, internal energy estimations, two zone model, application of heat release analysis, Zeldovich mechanism for formation of NO<sub>x</sub>, HC, CO .
- **Fuel spray behavior:** Fuel injection, spray structure, fuel atomization, droplet turbulence interactions, droplet impingement on walls, breakup model.
- **Mathematical models of SI Engines:** Simulation of Otto cycle at full throttle, part throttle and supercharged conditions, Progressive combustion, Auto-ignition modeling, single zone models, mass burning rate estimation, Adiabatic flame temperature and flame speed model, Friction in pumping, piston assembly, bearings and valve train etc. friction estimation for warm and warm up engines.

#### References:

1. Haywood, "I.C. Engines", Mc Graw Hill.
2. Ramos J (1989) Internal Combustion Engine Modeling. Hemisphere Publishing Company
3. C. D. Rakopoulos and E. G. Giakoumis, "Diesel Engine Transient
4. Operation Principles of Operation and Simulation Analysis", Springer, 2009.
5. V. Ganeshan, "Internal Combustion Engines", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1996.
6. P.A. Lakshminarayanan and Y. V. Aghav, " Modelling Diesel Combustion" Springer, 2010
7. Bernard Challen and RodicaBaranescu, "Diesel Engine Reference Book" Butterworth-Heinemann, 1999.

### (MHP-19011) Thermal Engineering Lab Practice-II

#### Teaching Scheme

Practical: 6 hrs/week,

#### Examination Scheme

T1, T2 – 20 marks each, End-Sem Exam - 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

1. Apply the fundamental understanding of finite volume method to develop the solver for simple fluid flow and heat transfer problems
2. Design the air conditioning systems for domestic and industrial applications
3. Design the heat exchanger with given heat loads

#### Syllabus Contents:

- Students are expected to carry out at least 6 practical assignments (Minimum two from courses on computational fluid dynamics, heat exchanger, and IC engine modeling)

### (SBC- MHP-19012) Dissertation Phase-I

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 14 hr/week

#### Examination Scheme

In semester assessment: 40

End semester assessment 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Students will be exposed to self learning various topics.
2. Carry out literature survey from books, national/international refereed journals and contact resource persons for the selected topic of research.
3. Learn to write technical reports.
4. Develop oral and written communication skills to present and defend their work in front of technically qualified audience. .

#### Guidelines:

- The Project Work will start in semester III and should preferably be a problem with research potential and should involve scientific research, design, generation/collection and analysis of data, determining solution and must preferably bring out the individual contribution. Seminar should be based on the area in which the candidate has undertaken the dissertation work as per the common instructions for all branches of M. Tech. The

examination shall consist of the preparation of report consisting of a detailed problem statement and a literature review. The preliminary results (if available) of the problem may also be discussed in the report. The work has to be presented in front of the examiners panel set by Head and PG coordinator. The candidate has to be in regular contact with his guide and the topic of dissertation must be mutually decided by the guide and student.

### (SBC- MHP-19014)Dissertation Phase- II

#### Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 18 hr/week

#### Examination Scheme

In semester assessment: 40

End semester assessment 60

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course students will be able to

1. Use different experimental techniques.
2. Use different software/ computational/analytical tools.
3. Design and develop an experimental set up/ equipment/test rig.
4. Conduct tests on existing set ups/equipments and draw logical conclusions from the results after analyzing them.
5. Work in a research environment or in an industrial environment.
6. make themselves conversant with technical report writing.
7. Present and convince their topic of study to the engineering community.

#### Guidelines:

- It is a continuation of dissertation work started in semester III. He/she has to submit the report in the prescribed format and also present a seminar. The dissertation should be presented in standard format as provided by the department. The candidate has to prepare a detailed project report consisting of introduction of the problem, problem statement, literature review, objectives of the work, methodology (experimental set up or numerical details as the case may be) of solution and results and discussion. The report must bring out the conclusions of the work and future scope for the study. . The work has to be presented in front of the examiners panel consisting of an approved external examiner, an internal examiner and a guide, co-guide etc. as decided by the Head and PG coordinator. The candidate has to be in regular contact with his guide throughout the semester.